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# The Ancient Hebrew Lexicon Of The Bible

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Akkadian Loanwords in Biblical Hebrew  
A Concise Hebrew and Aramaic Lexicon of the Old Testament  
The Concise Dictionary of Classical Hebrew  
Ancient Hebrew Torah  
Hebrew and Aramaic Dictionary of the Old Testament  
Pocket Dictionary for the Study of Biblical Hebrew  
Biblical Hebrew in Its Northwest Semitic Setting  
Gesenius's Hebrew and Chaldee Lexicon to the Old Testament Scriptures  
A Hebrew and English Lexicon Without Points  
A Hebrew and English lexicon of the Old Testament  
A Hebrew and English Lexicon of the Old Testament  
Ancient Hebrew Dictionary  
Ancient Hebrew Torah Lexicon  
The Hebrew and Aramaic Lexicon of the Old Testament  
Hebraisches und Aramaisches Lexicon Zum Alten Testament  
A Concise Lexicon of Late Biblical Hebrew  
The Hebrew and Aramaic Lexicon of the Old Testament  
The Hebrew and Aramaic Lexicon of the Old Testament  
His Name Is One  
A Hebrew and English Lexicon of the Old Testament  
Hebrew Word Study  
Lexicon of Jewish Names in Late Antiquity: The Eastern Diaspora 330 BCE-650 CE  
A Hebrew and English Lexicon of the Old Testament  
Benner's Translation of the Torah  
Hebrew Text and Lexicon of Genesis  
Non-Semitic Loanwords in the Hebrew Bible  
A Hebrew and English Lexicon of the Old Testament  
Biblical Hebrew Picture Dictionary  
The Brown-Driver-Briggs Hebrew and English Lexicon  
Non-Semitic Loanwords in the Hebrew Bible  
The Hebrew and Aramaic Lexicon of the Old Testament  
Benner's Commentary on the Torah  
Introduction to the Hebrew Bible  
The Hebrew and Aramaic lexicon of the Old Testament CD-Rom edition  
HALOT  
The Ancient Hebrew Lexicon of the Bible  
The Dictionary of Classical Hebrew  
A Concise Hebrew and Aramaic Lexicon of the Old Testament  
The Student's Concise Hebrew-English Lexicon of the Bible  
The Ancient Hebrew Language and Alphabet

## **AIDAN PHOEBE**

### *Akkadian Loanwords in Biblical Hebrew*

Fortress Press

This is an abridgment of the 8-volume Dictionary of Classical Hebrew. Like it (and unlike all previous Hebrew dictionaries) all the literature of classical Hebrew is covered, including not only the Hebrew Bible but also the Dead Sea Scrolls, Ben Sira and the ancient Hebrew inscriptions. The CDCH thus contains not only the c. 8400 Hebrew words found in the standard dictionaries, but also a further 3340+ words (540 from the Dead Sea Scrolls, 680 from other ancient Hebrew literature, and 2120+ proposed words for the Hebrew Bible not previously recognized by dictionaries). The CDCH has been designed to be as user-friendly as possible. All the Hebrew quoted is accompanied by an English translation. At the end of each entry on verbs is a list of the nouns derived from that verb; and at the end of each entry on nouns a reference to the verb from which it is derived (when known). Rich in examples and citations, and preserving the important statistical information contained in the DCH, this edition will be of immense value to students at all levels, as well as to working scholars who will not always be in a position to refer to the complete DCH.

### A Concise Hebrew and Aramaic Lexicon of the Old Testament Wipf and Stock Publishers

Todd J. Murphy defines more than 2,000 terms of grammar, syntax, linguistics, textual criticism and Old Testament criticism that relate to--and often obscure--the study and discussion of biblical Hebrew.

### The Concise Dictionary of Classical

### Hebrew Ancient Hebrew Research Center

"In this lexicon Tal Ilan collects all the information on names of Jews in Palestine and the people who bore them between 330 BCE, a date which marks the Hellenistic conquest of Palestine, and 200 CE, the date usually assigned to the close of the mishnaic period, and the early Roman Empire. Thereby she includes names from literary sources as well as those found in epigraphic and papyrological documents. Tal Ilan discusses the provenance of the names and explains them etymologically, given the many possible sources of influence for the names at that time." "In addition she shows the division between the use of biblical names and the use of Greek and other foreign names. She analyzes the identity of the persons and the choice of name and points out the most popular names at the time. The lexicon is accompanied by a lengthy and comprehensive introduction that scrutinizes the main trends in name giving current at the time." --Book Jacket.

*Ancient Hebrew Torah* Leiden ; New York : E.J. Brill

Whether you know Hebrew or not, this book will provide you with a quick reference resource for learning the meaning of many Hebrew words that lie beneath the English translations, which will open new doors for you into Biblical interpretation. The Hebrew language of the Bible must be understood from its original and Ancient Hebrew perspective. Our interpretation of a word like "holy" is an abstract idea, derived out of a Greco-Roman culture and mindset, which is usually understood as someone or something that is especially godly, pious or spiritual. However, the Hebrew word  $\text{קָדוֹשׁ}$  (qadosh) means, from an Ancient

Hebrew perspective, unique and is defined in this dictionary as: "Someone or something that has, or has been given the quality of specialness, and has been separated from the rest for a special purpose." With this interpretation, we discover that the nation of Israel is not "holy," in the sense of godliness or piety, but is a unique and special people, separated from all others to serve God. This Biblical Hebrew dictionary contains the one thousand most frequent verbs and nouns found within the Hebrew Bible. Each word is translated and defined from its original concrete Ancient Hebrew perspective, allowing for a more accurate interpretation of the text. In addition to the one thousand verbs and nouns, the appendices in the book include a complete list of Hebrew pronouns, prepositions, adverbs, conjunctions and numbers.

Hebrew and Aramaic Dictionary of the Old Testament InterVarsity Press

Many Christians long to study the Word of God in the original Hebrew. They will take Hebrew classes at a college, a synagogue, or online and often become discouraged because these classes either teach them to speak Hebrew or spend considerable time teaching complex rules of grammar when all these Christians want to do is find God's heart and message in His Word. As a result, these Christians usually give up and just go to the back of their Strong's Concordance, a lexicon, or a Bible dictionary to look up a word. This book is written for the Christian who does not want to learn to speak Hebrew or spend long hours trying to understand complex rules of grammar. All they want is to know if there is a deeper meaning to certain Hebrew words. Even after looking up a word in their lexicon, they are still left with a nagging feeling that there

must be more. In most cases there is more, and this book will give some guidelines in how to drill down into the very heart, soul, and core of a Hebrew word; it will take you to a world beyond your lexicon, and you do not need a PhD to do it. The only thing you will need is to love the Word of God, and if you love it enough, it will reveal its secrets. Hebrew is a language of the heart, and if you love God enough, He will reveal His heart to you through the ancient Hebrew language.

Pocket Dictionary for the Study of Biblical Hebrew Virtualbookworm.com Publishing

"Based on the lexicon of William Gesenius, as translated by Edward Robinson, and edited with constant reference to the thesaurus of Gesenius as completed by E. Reodiger, and with authorized use of the German editions of Gesenius' Handweorterbuch euber das Alte Testament."

*Biblical Hebrew in Its Northwest Semitic Setting* Burns & Oates

This companion lexicon to the Ancient Hebrew Torah lists every Hebrew word found in the Torah in alphabetical order with an English translation provided. Accompanying this lexicon is a dictionary defining each Hebrew word along with its corresponding numbers to the Ancient Hebrew Lexicon of the Bible and Strong's Dictionary. Also included is a detailed description of the mechanics of the Hebrew language. With the Ancient Hebrew Torah and the Ancient Hebrew Torah Lexicon, one may dig into the depths and nuances of the Hebrew language of the Torah, providing a unique perspective of this ancient text. *Gesenius's Hebrew and Chaldee Lexicon to the Old Testament Scriptures* Penn State Press

When we read an English translation of

the Bible we define the words within it according to our modern vocabulary allowing our culture and language to influence how we read and interpret the Bible. The Bible was written by ancient Hebrews whose culture and language was very different from our own and must be read and interpreted through their eyes. When we define the names of God using our culture and language we lose the Hebraic meanings behind the original Hebrew names of God. Consequently the true nature and character of God is hidden behind the veil of time and culture. By understanding the various names of God through the vocabulary and language of the ancient Hebrews, the nature and character of God is revealed to us in a new light. The prophet Zechariah described the character of God with the words "sh'mo ehhad" translated as His Name is One (Zechariah 14:9). This phrase beautifully describes the character of God from a Hebraic perspective that is lost to us through translation and unfamiliarity with ancient Hebrew culture.

*A Hebrew and English Lexicon Without Points* Ancient Hebrew Research Center  
The third edition of Ludwig Koehler and Walter Baumgartner's Hebrew dictionary 'The Hebrew and Aramaic Lexicon of the Old Testament' is widely acclaimed as the most up-to-date dictionary for the Old Testament and related literature in classical Hebrew and Aramaic and is now available online. The study edition has proven to be a valuable resource for scholars and students. Combining scholarly thoroughness with easy accessibility, the dictionary meets the needs of a wide range of users. The enormous advances that have taken place in the field of Semitic linguistics since the days of the older dictionaries of

Classical Hebrew are well documented and assessed, as well as the often detailed discussions in modern Bible commentaries of words where the meaning is particularly difficult. Full text search and possibility to find conjugated verb forms in the context of their roots is particularly helpful to the new student. Specialist users will find here a wealth of bibliographical information on Old Testament exegesis. The dictionary contains the complete vocabulary of the Hebrew Bible, extended with variants from the Oriental and Samaritan textual traditions, the Ben Sira fragments, and the Dead Sea Scrolls.

*A Hebrew and English lexicon of the Old Testament* Penn State Press

The first five books of the Hebrew Bible, called the Torah, are the foundation to the rest of the Bible. With this edition, the Torah can be read and studied through the original pictographic script from the time of Abraham and Moses. Each letter in this ancient script is a picture, where each picture represents a concrete idea.

*A Hebrew and English Lexicon of the Old Testament* Sheffield Phoenix Press Limited

John J. Collins' Introduction to the Hebrew Bible is one of the most reliable and widely adopted critical textbooks at undergraduate and graduate levels alike, and for good reason. Enriched by decades of classroom teaching, it is aimed explicitly at motivated students regardless of their previous exposure to the Bible or faith commitments. Collins proceeds through the canon of the Old Testament and the Apocrypha, judiciously presenting the current state of historical, archaeological, and literary understanding of the biblical text, and engaging the student in questions of significance and interpretation for the

contemporary world. The second edition has been revised where more recent scholarship indicates it, and is now presented in a refreshing new format.

*Ancient Hebrew Dictionary* Wm. B.

Eerdmans Publishing

This pictorial dictionary includes 150 Biblical Hebrew words and defines them within their linguistic and cultural context and will provide the Bible reader with a deeper understanding of the words they are reading in the Bible.

*Ancient Hebrew Torah Lexicon* Trafford Publishing

Akkadian Loanwords in Biblical Hebrew is an in-depth examination of Hebrew words that are of Akkadian origin or transmitted via Akkadian into the Hebrew lexicon.

*The Hebrew and Aramaic Lexicon of the Old Testament* Virtualbookworm Publishing

The Hebrew Bible, called the "Tenach" by Jews and "Old Testament" by Christians, was originally written in the Hebrew language using an ancient pictographic, or paleo-Hebrew, script. Through the study of this ancient language and script the words of the Bible will come alive to the reader in a way never seen before. This book will examine the origins and history of the ancient Hebrew language and script and their close relationship to the culture of the ancient Hebrews. Included are detailed charts of the evolution of the ancient Hebrew script as well as many other related Semitic and non-Semitic scripts. Also included are the details of the root system of the Hebrew language, and a lexicon of ancient Hebrew roots to assist the reader of the Bible with finding the original cultural context for many Hebrew words.

**Hebraisches und Aramaisches Lexicon Zum Alten Testament** Virtual

Bookworm.Com Pub Incorporated  
Based on the First, Second, and Third Editions of the Koehler-Baumgartner Lexicon in Veteris Testamenti Libros, this abridgment--which eliminates bibliographical references and technical information intended for specialists and judiciously trims biblical citations--provides everything the student needs to translate an Old Testament passage.

*A Concise Lexicon of Late Biblical Hebrew* BRILL

Ancient Palestine served as a land bridge between the continents of Asia, Africa, and Europe, and as a result, the ancient Israelites frequently interacted with speakers of non-Semitic languages, including Egyptian, Greek, Hittite and Luwian, Hurrian, Old Indic, and Old Iranian. This linguistic contact led the ancient Israelites to adopt non-Semitic words, many of which appear in the Hebrew Bible. Benjamin J. Noonan explores this process in *Non-Semitic Loanwords in the Hebrew Bible*, which presents a comprehensive, up-to-date, and linguistically informed analysis of the Hebrew Bible's non-Semitic terminology. In this volume, Noonan identifies all the Hebrew Bible's foreign loanwords and presents them in the form of an annotated lexicon. An appendix to the book analyzes words commonly proposed to be non-Semitic that are, in fact, Semitic, along with the reason for considering them as such. Noonan's study enriches our understanding of the lexical semantics of the Hebrew Bible's non-Semitic terminology, which leads to better translation and exegesis of the biblical text. It also enhances our linguistic understanding of the ancient world, in that the linguistic features it discusses provide significant insight into the phonology, orthography, and

morphology of the languages of the ancient Near East. Finally, by tying together linguistic evidence with textual and archaeological data, this work extends our picture of ancient Israel's interactions with non-Semitic peoples. A valuable resource for biblical scholars, historians, archaeologists, and others interested in linguistic and cultural contact between the ancient Israelites and non-Semitic peoples, this book provides significant insight into foreign contact in ancient Israel.

[The Hebrew and Aramaic Lexicon of the Old Testament](#) Virtualbookworm.com Publishing

In 1961 William L. Moran published "The Hebrew Language in Its Northwest Semitic Background", in which he presented a state-of-the-art description of the linguistic milieu out of which Biblical Hebrew developed. Moran stressed the features found in earlier Northwest Semitic languages that are similar to Hebrew and he demonstrated how the study of those languages sheds light on Biblical Hebrew. Since Moran wrote, our knowledge of both the Hebrew of the biblical period and of Northwest Semitic has increased considerably. In the lights of new epigraphic finds and the significant advances in the fields of Biblical Hebrew and Northwest Semitic in the past four decades, the Institute for Advanced Studies of the Hebrew University of Jerusalem convened an international research group during the 2001-2002 academic year on the topic "Biblical Hebrew in Its Northwest Semitic setting: Typological and Historical Perspectives." The volume presents the fruits of the year-long collaboration and contains twenty articles based on lectures given during the year by members of the groups and invited guests. A wide array

of subjects are discussed, all of which have implications for the study of Biblical Hebrew and Northwest Semitic.

*The Hebrew and Aramaic Lexicon of the Old Testament* Eisenbrauns

The eighty lexical entries exemplify a diachronic investigation of Late Biblical Hebrew, which reflects the transition period from the Hebrew Bible to Talmudic literature. Together with relevant bibliography for each entry, the Lexicon serves as an indispensable tool for understanding the emergence and development of Late Biblical Hebrew neologisms.

*His Name Is One* BRILL

The Hebrew and Aramaic Lexicon of the Old Testament contains the complete vocabulary of the Hebrew Bible, extended with variants from the Oriental and Samaritan textual traditions, the Ben Sira fragments, the Dead Sea Scrolls, etc. It takes full advantage of the enormous advances that have been made in Semitic linguistics since the publication of older dictionaries like Gesenius and Brown-Driver-Briggs. User-friendly Another important advantage is that it offers a strictly alphabetical order of entries rather than an arrangement by verbal roots. This user-friendly feature makes the dictionary especially suited to the beginning student of classical Hebrew, but will also save the more advanced user much time. Specialist users will find here a wealth of bibliographical information on Old Testament exegesis. Most up-to-date dictionary The third edition of Ludwig Koehler and Walter Baumgartner's Hebrew dictionary is widely acclaimed as the most up-to-date dictionary for the Old Testament and related literature in biblical Hebrew and Aramaic. Wide range of users The complete and unabridged translation has been prepared by an

international team of Hebrew and Old Testament scholars. Combining scholarly thoroughness with easy accessibility, the dictionary meets the needs of a wide range of users from the beginning student of biblical Hebrew to the specialized scholar in biblical studies, Semitic studies or ancient Judaism, as well as academic libraries, theological seminaries, and institutions. Volume 1: Aleph - Heth ( 365 pp.) Volume 2: Teth - Ayin ( 539 pp.) Volume 3: Pe - Sin ( 458 pp.) Volume 4: Shin - Taw ( 428 pp.) Volume 5: Aramaic. Extensive Bibliography (290 pp.)

A Hebrew and English Lexicon of the Old Testament Ancient Hebrew Research Center

This unique lexicon is designed especially for student use in as convenient a form for reference as

possible. Ultimately based on the Christian scholarship out of which Gesenius' great Hebrew-German dictionary evolved in the early nineteenth century, it has made every effort to economize the student's time. The meaning of a Hebrew or Aramaic word has been expressed in a single English word wherever it has been found practicable, and where words occur which learned authorities did not succeed in elucidating, the rendering is in the Authorized English Version, without any indulgent speculations. Although recent generations of biblical scholarship have added much to our knowledge, more time is needed until these insights will find their way into a student's dictionary. In the meantime, this manual will be of good service to the student.