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# Antichità Il Vicino Oriente Scienze E Tecniche St

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Atlante storico del Vicino Oriente antico. 3, Alta Mesopotamia. La preistoria fino al 2000

The Oxford History of the Ancient Near East

Digging Up Jericho

Apparenza e realtà nell'arte del Vicino Oriente antico

Le scienze nel Vicino Oriente antico. Un'introduzione

Porte e chiusure di sicurezza nel Vicino Oriente antico

Markets and Exchanges in Pre-Modern and Traditional Societies

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Atlante storico del Vicino Oriente antico

Atlante storico del Vicino Oriente antico: 3. Siria e Palestina: la preistoria fino al 2000: Palestina

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Galileo

Atlante storico del Vicino Oriente antico

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**MELENDEZ ZAYDEN**

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*Atlante storico del Vicino Oriente antico.  
3, Alta Mesopotamia. La preistoria fino al*

2000 Sapienza Università Editrice

This book investigates the practice of  
constructing cities in the ancient Near  
East, bringing together architecture and  
cultural history.

The Oxford History of the Ancient Near

### East Oxbow Books

Alexander conquered most parts of the Western World, but there is a great deal of controversy over his invasion of India, the least known of his campaigns. In BC 327 Alexander came to India, and tried to cross the Jhelum river for the invasion, but was then confronted by King Porus who ruled an area in what is now the Punjab. According to Indian history he was stopped by Porus at his entry into the country, but most of the world still believes that Alexander won the battle. Fearing the prospect of facing other large armies and exhausted by years of campaigning, Alexander's army mutinied at the Hyphasis River, refusing to march farther east. This river thus marks the easternmost extent of Alexander's conquests. Twelve papers in this volume

examine aspects of Alexander's Indian campaign, the relationship between him and his generals, the potential to use Indian sources, and evidence for the influence of policies of Alexander in neighboring areas such as Iran and Russia.

**Digging Up Jericho** Archaeopress Publishing Ltd

Questo volume si propone come manuale introduttivo per l'insegnamento nel II e III ciclo accademico di studi biblici, infatti introduce e orienta gli studenti alle problematiche di base, all'impostazione epistemologica e alla bibliografia essenziale in un campo di studi che, per natura sua, è necessariamente e decisamente interdisciplinare. Il volume offre quindi nozioni introduttive sul contributo

dell'orientalistica e della teoria della storiografia per l'esegesi e la teologia biblica, nonché per la storiografia israelitica. La parte centrale del volume, articolata in quattro capitoli, affronta la Bibbia come collezione di testi di vario tipo e genere, prodotti da autori diversi, in epoche, luoghi, contesti storici e geografico-politico-culturali differenti. La prospettiva è naturalmente letteraria prima che teologica. L'Autore spiega, infine, come nel mondo occidentale si sia arrivati a considerare e utilizzare la Bibbia come "ossatura" della storia universale, e come questa impostazione sia poi entrata in crisi per effetto delle scoperte archeologiche e orientalistiche, del progresso delle scienze naturali e dello sviluppo teorico della metodologia stessa dell'esegesi biblica.

**Apparenza e realtà nell'arte del Vicino Oriente antico** Giunti GMM  
Markets emerge in recent historical research as important spheres of economic interaction in ancient societies. In the case of ancient Egypt, traditional models imagined an all-encompassing centralized, bureaucratic economy that left practically no place for market transactions, as many surviving documents only described the activities of the royal palace and of huge institutions?mainly temples. Yet scattered references in the sources reveal that markets and traders were crucial actors in the economic life of ancient Egypt. In this perspective, this volume aims to discuss the role of markets, traders and economic interaction (not necessarily organized

through markets) and the use of “money” (metals, valuable commodities) in pre-modern societies, based on archaeological, anthropological and historical evidence. Furthermore, it intends to integrate different perspectives about the social organization of transactions and exchanges and the different forms taken by markets, from meeting places where exchanges operated under ritualized procedures and conventions, to markets in which profit-seeking activities were marginal in respect with other practices that stressed, on the contrary, community collaboration. The book also deals with social forms of pre-modern exchanges in which trust and ethnic solidarity guaranteed the validity of commercial operations in the absence of

formal codes of laws or accepted authorities over long distances (trade diasporas, guilds, etc.). Finally, the volume analyzes a critical aspect of small-scale trade and markets, such as the commercialization of agricultural household production and its impact on the peasant economic strategies. In all, the book covers a diversity of topics in which recent research in the fields of economic sociology, archaeology, anthropology, economics and history proves invaluable in order to analyze the role of Egyptian trade in a broader perspective, as well as to suggest new venues of comparative research, theoretical reflection and dialogue between Egyptology and social sciences. The book will also address pre-modern social organizations of trade activities in

which trust and ethnic solidarity guaranteed the validity of commercial operations in the absence of formal codes of laws or accepted authorities over long distances, particularly trade diasporas, guilds, etc. This book will be the first in the new series from Oxbow, *Multidisciplinary Approaches to Ancient Societies*.

**Le scienze nel Vicino Oriente antico.**

**Un'introduzione** Lorenzo Nigro

21 papers present a holistic perspective on the research and public value of the site of Jericho – an iconic site with a long and impressive history stretching from the Epipalaeolithic to the present day. Covering all aspects of archaeological work from past to present and beyond, they re-evaluate and assess the legacy of this important site.

*Porte e chiusure di sicurezza nel Vicino Oriente antico* Oxbow Books Limited  
Il volume in onore di Loredana Sist, dedicato al tema dello “straniero in Egitto e nel Vicino Oriente”, è la seconda opera collettanea dell’Atlante del Vicino Oriente antico (OCAVOA 2), il progetto scientifico, didattico ed editoriale intrapreso da Marco Ramazzotti presso il Dipartimento di Scienze dell’Antichità e finanziato da Sapienza Università di Roma come Grande Progetto di Ateneo nel 2016; ad esso partecipano archeologi, storici, geografi e filologi orientalisti.

*Markets and Exchanges in Pre-Modern and Traditional Societies* Edizioni Terra Santa

Since the dawn of time, man has been fascinated by the night sky and the

heavenly bodies that inhabit it. In 1609, Galileo Galilei created an instrument that would change the way the world looked at the heavens forever - the telescope.

Galileo: Images of the Universe is a magnificently illustrated volume that takes readers on a journey via the works of artists great and small, known and unknown, from the mystical and poetic visions of the heavens held in Egypt and Mesopotamia, through the Greek cosmogonies and the planetary architecture of Ptolemy, to the heliocentric theories of Copernicus that inspired the likes of Galileo, Kepler, and Newton to create the modern concept of the universe.

Nuove fondazioni nel Vicino Oriente

antico Cambridge University Press

This groundbreaking, five-volume series

offers a comprehensive, fully illustrated history of Egypt and Western Asia (the Levant, Anatolia, Mesopotamia, and Iran), from the emergence of complex states to the conquest of Alexander the Great. Written by a diverse, international team of leading scholars whose expertise brings to life the people, places, and times of the remote past, the volumes in this series focus firmly on the political and social histories of the states and communities of the ancient Near East. Individual chapters present the key textual and material sources underpinning the historical reconstruction, paying particular attention to the most recent archaeological finds and their impact on our historical understanding of the periods surveyed. The second volume



covers broadly the first half of the second millennium BC or in archaeological terms, the Middle Bronze Age. Eleven chapters present the history of the Near East, beginning with the First Intermediate Period and Middle Kingdom Egypt and the Mesopotamian kingdoms of Ur (Third Dynasty), Isin and Larsa. The complex mosaic of competing states that arose between the Eastern Mediterranean, the Anatolian highlands and the Zagros mountains of Iran are all treated, culminating in an examination of the kingdom of Babylon founded by Hammurabi and maintained by his successors. Beyond the narrative history of each region considered, the volume treats a wide range of critical topics, including the absolute chronology; state formation and disintegration; the role of

kingship, cult practice and material culture in the creation and maintenance of social hierarchies; and long-distance trade-both terrestrial and maritime-as a vital factor in the creation of social, political and economic networks that bridged deserts, oceans, and mountain ranges, binding together the extraordinarily diverse peoples and polities of Sub-Saharan Africa, the Near East, and Central Asia.

Atlante storico del Vicino Oriente antico  
Editoriale Jaca Book

**Atlante storico del Vicino Oriente antico: 3. Siria e Palestina: la preistoria fino al 2000: Palestina**  
Oxford University Press

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